

The Cold War in Asia 1945-93

Learning
Status

Western Policies in Post War Asia

Decisions on Asia at Yalta and Potsdam
 US policies- Kennan's Long Telegram 1946
 The creation of model states in Japan and Philippines
 US involvement with Jiang Jieshi
 The defensive perimeter strategy and NSC-68
 The reasons for the fall of China and US reactions
 US policy towards China and Taiwan 1949-79
 The occupation of a divided Korea and UN involvement
 British policies in Malaysia
 Dutch policies in Indonesia
 The USSR's influence in Southeast Asia and her attitudes to China

The Korean War 1950-1953 and its impact to 1977 (INTERPRETATION TOPIC)

Causes and outbreak of the Korean War
 The aims of Kim il Sung and Rhee
 US and UN involvement in the war
 Russian support for Kim
 The Inchon landing, US crossing of the 38th parallel and advance to Yalu River
 Chinese intervention and its impact
 Reasons for the dismissal of MacArthur
 Causes of stalemate 1951-3
 US public opinion
 Changing nature of the war
 Difficulties in reaching a settlement
 Outcome for the participants, the situation in Asia in 1953
 The creation of SEATO in 1954 and its failure in 1977
 Non alignment: the Bandung Conference 1955 and development from 1961.

Indochina 1945-1967

French colonial government in Indochina
 Ho Chi Minh and the rise of the Viet Minh
 The Battle of Dien Bien Phu (1954)
 The Geneva Conference 1954 and division of Vietnam
 Eisenhower's policies
 Diem's government of South Vietnam (1955-63) and relations with Hanoi
 Formation of the NLF and its impact
 Kennedy's policies towards Indochina 1961-3
 Diem's assassination 1963
 Johnson's policies: Gulf of Tonkin resolution 1964, escalation of forces 1965 and Operation Rolling Thunder 1965

Wars in Vietnam and Cambodia 1968-1993 (INTERPRETATION TOPIC)

The role of the US military in Vietnam
 The Vietcong and guerilla warfare
 The Tet Offensive
 Continuation of the bombing campaigns
 Nixon's policies in Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos, his relations with China, Paris peace talks (1967-73).
 Victory of North Vietnam and the fall of Saigon (1975) and the reasons why the USA failed to win the war.
 Cambodia: Sihanouk 1955-1970, reasons for civil war and North Vietnamese intervention.
 US bombing and the fall of the Khmer Republic 1970-1975
 Pol Pot and Democratic Kampuchea (the Khmer Rouge 1975-8, Chinese Models, evacuation to the rural areas, anti-intellectualism, the Killing Fields and ethnicity)
 Vietnamese invasion 1978 and its consequences (a People's Republic)
 The role of the UN
 Paris Peace settlement 1991-3 and the creation of a Cambodian Kingdom